



JUST CLEANINGS

STEALS WATCH OFF ARM

RICHMOND, Calif.—Charles Foley extended his left arm to a shop lady's left. He rounded the intersection slowly, arm still out—and a nimble bystander snatched Foley's wrist watch and fled.

C.P.R. TO SELL COALDALE HERD

A well-established herd of Aberdeen-Angus cattle, animals from which have taken top places in every major show in Canada, will be sold at auction within the next few days. The herd is the property of the C.P.R. and is located at Coaldale, Alberta.

EDMONTON POPULATION 112,000

Rationing officials said last week latest figures for Edmonton show the population, including the suburbs of Beverly and West Jasper place now exceeds 112,000, a gain of 9,000 since the start of this year. The figures cover all residents, including dependents of American servicemen and U.S. and Canadian contractors.

SCRATCHING MEN FINDS LIQUOR

ROCKY MOUNT, N.C.—A police-man sought illicit liquor at a suspect's home when a furiously scratching hen in the backyard aroused his curiosity. Up came a paper bag, a quart of liquor, and the law took over. He reported digging up 18 more quarts.

NO EXTRA SUGAR RATIONS FOR SPRING HARVESTERS

No provision of extra sugar, tea or coffee is made by the ration administration for farmers finishing harvesting operations this spring, officials of the Board announced.

During the harvest season last fall, thousands of farmers travelling from farm to farm were employed for several days at a time, and the rationing board was permitted to obtain an additional quantity of rationed commodities for harvesters' meals.

Due to the fact that for such harvesters still unfilled there are few transient workers employed during this provision has not been renewed.

WEDDINGS

POXON-SHINDELKA

A quiet wedding was solemnized at the home of Mayor and Mrs. W. Poxon Drumheller, on Monday, April 12, at 7:00 p.m., when Rose, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Shindelka of Saskatoon, Sask., became the bride of Mr. Wilfred Poxon of East Coulee, Tex. Naylor of Drumheller officiated.

The bride was attended by her sister, Mrs. Nina of East Coulee, and Dr. Watson of East Coulee supported the train.

The ceremony took place under an archway decorated with streamers, cut flowers, and a large ball, and following the ceremony a buffet luncheon was served.

Mr. and Mrs. Poxon left on the evening train for Saskatoon, and upon returning they will reside in East Coulee.

PAINT UP AND CLEAN UP FOR SPRING

ALABASTINE—A REAL WALL REFRESHER

\$.150 Will Paint a Good Sized Room

ASK FOR PRATT & LAMBERT AND MARSHALL WELLS PAINT

COSTS NO MORE AND IS BETTER

See Us For Your Spring Cleaning Requirements

YOU'LL DO BETTER AT

THE FARMERS' EXCHANGE

RED AND WHITE STORE

Whether life grinds a man down or polishes him depends upon what he's made of.

EASTER CARDS by Courts—A varied assortment for everyone. Priced at . . . 5c; 10c; 15c; 25c

EASTER EGG DYE—Rit and Paas. Pkg. . . . 15c

CHOCOLATES in boxes by Moir, Page & Shaw, and Smiles 'N' Chuckles, or Adrienne Toiletries, would be appreciated as an Easter Gift.

McKIBBIN'S DRUG STORE

A.P. McKibbin, Ph.D., Prescription Specialist, CARBON, Alta.

The Carbon Chronicle

VOLUME 22; NUMBER 11

W. F. ROSS PRESIDENT

OF CARBON TENNIS

CLUB FOR THIS YEAR

Miss Helen Gablehouse

Is New Vice-President

The annual general meeting of the Carbon Lawn Tennis Club was held on Wednesday, April 7th, when the following officers were elected:

Honorary President, S.J. Garrett, Hon. Vice-Pres., C. H. Nash, President, W. F. Ross, Vice-President, Miss Helen Gablehouse, Sec.-Treas., W.A. Braisher, Executive Committee: W.F. Ross, W.A. Braisher, and the Misses Helen Gablehouse and Joan Heath.

It was decided to again affiliate with the Alberta Lawn Tennis Association.

After some discussion it was agreed to put on a dance on May 21st, details to be arranged by the Executive Committee.

The fees were set at \$2.00 for each member for the season.

The Carbon Lawn Tennis Courts were badly damaged by the spring floods of the Kneehill Creek. The fences were broken down and the courts are still under water and it is expected that there will be a heavy deposit of mud on them after the water subsides. However, this has not dampened the spirits of the tennis enthusiasts, and the courts will be put in shape as soon as they have dried out sufficiently to work on them.

The three per cent bonds will be offered in denominations of \$50, \$100, \$500 and \$1,000, as in previous loans, "in order that every Canadian citizen participate in subscribing to the loan."

The bonds may be paid for either in cash in full at any time, or on a plan at the issue price, without accrued interest, or they may be purchased by instalments.

The loan, the campaign for which opens April 26, and will last three weeks, represents the biggest financial stride in Canada's history.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed Othausner and family and leader Guttman were Calgary visitors Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Poxon of Drumheller were in town Tuesday, bringing back Mrs. Heath and Jean, who have been visiting with them for a few days.

Vern Harker, our local cartoonist has a new cartoon of the "Farmers' Exchange" window in the Farmers' Exchange store.

Alex Reid, who has been "under the weather," has been confined to his home this week, and is back and forth to the office looking after the Village and School affairs, of which he is the secretary.

CADET CORPS TO PUT ON AMATEUR NIGHT APRIL 22

The Amateur Program, which was arranged some time ago but was postponed on account of weather, will now be staged in the Farmers' Exchange hall on Thursday evening, April 22nd, commencing at 8:30 p.m. The proceeds of the entertainment will go towards the Carbon Cadet Corps, and every body is urged to attend and support this worthy cause.

It is calculated that in consequence of the weather, it is no short this coming season of vegetables, and ship them can do so is being urged in the United States and Canada to grow more vegetables. The farmers who wish to join in this most worthy effort.

With the present shortage of labor, keeping a large vegetable garden free from weeds will not be easy. Who was farming, I had seen a very early plan of sowing vegetables on a piece of ground, and the idea is to have long rows, leaving such a wide space between the rows so that any firm implement in ordinary use a section of a harrow or disc, could be dragged between the rows every day or so. In this way most of the weeds can be killed quickly by machine power. This only leaves the weeds between the vegetable plants in the rows to be pulled by hand.

FURTHER DONATIONS TO THE RED CROSS SOCIETY

Syd. Bramley 1.00

H. J. Gimbel 5.00

Rail Bell 5.00

Jas. McCall 2.00

Jas. O'Rourke 2.00

LONG YEARS AGO

April 14, 1922

Aaron Balogh is taking up aviation in Calgary. He now owns an airplane.

Calph Karhu is drilling a well at the fire hall, and is less than 150 feet and still no water.

To Chris Bertsch Jr. goes the honor of the first seeding in the district. He commenced wheat seeding last Thursday.

The mill rate for taxes in the Carbon municipality has been set this year at 5 mills on the dollar.

The golf course is in good shape now and many players have been out and enjoying the game during the past week.

A contract has been let for the graveling of the highway from Delburne to Stettler.

CARBON, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, APRIL 15, 1943

MISS CANADA GIRLS SELL \$50 IN STAMPS IN TWO WEEKS

The Miss Canada Girls who have been selling War Savings Stamps in town each Saturday, have met with fairly good results during the past two weeks. On Saturday, April 3, Mabel Nash and Lena Reid sold \$20 worth of War Savings Stamps. On Saturday, April 10th, Irene Gaudin and Vivian Anderson sold \$30 worth of Stamps, bringing the total for the two weeks to \$50.

OFFER VICTORY LOAN

IN TWO MATURITIES

Loan Opens on Monday,

April 26—For 3 Weeks

Canada's Fourth Victory Loan, in which the minimum subscription is \$1,000,000,000, will be offered in two maturities, Finance Minister Aleson announced.

The two issues will be offered at a price of 100 cents and will be dated May 1, 1945.

The issues are as follows:

A 3 1/2 year issue, maturing Nov. 1, 1948, at 100, bearing interest at 3 1/2 per cent per annum.

A 14 year issue, maturing May 1, 1957, at 100, bearing interest at 3 1/2 per cent per annum.

The short-term bonds will not be redeemable before maturity. The long-term bonds will be redeemable at the option of the government at 100 and accrued interest on or after May 1, 1954, on 60 days notice.

The three per cent bonds will be offered in denominations of \$50, \$100, \$500 and \$1,000, as in previous loans, "in order that every Canadian citizen participate in subscribing to the loan."

The bonds may be paid for either in cash in full at any time, or on a plan at the issue price, without accrued interest, or they may be purchased by instalments.

The loan, the campaign for which opens April 26, and will last three weeks, represents the biggest financial stride in Canada's history.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Flaws and Mary, Mrs. Harvey and Mr. Alex Reid returned to Calgary Thursday and returned Friday.

Mrs. Wm. Talbot returned Monday from Calgary where she attended the I.O.D.E. convention as official delegate of the Duke of York Chapter.

Mr. and Mrs. Clayton Hay and family of Aldrie spent Sunday visiting in Carbon with Mr. and Mrs. A. Hay.

Rev. and Mrs. T.H. Chapman, Marlon and Joyce returned to Calgary last Thursday.

Mrs. Wm. Levis received a wire Monday saying that her son, Chas. Levis, of the Canadian Army, had arrived safely overseas.

The municipal road outfit has been grading up the streets in town and putting them in shape after the spring thaw.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Gibson and Mrs. George Hope of Acme were visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Graham Monday. Mr. Gibson has rented the Chas. Graham farm north-west of Acme.

Charles Nash says the floods are well. The electric light men could get into the house to read the meter, so he has no light bill to pay this month.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Hunt received word recently of the safe arrival of one of their third son, Gordon, of the R.C.A.F. Mr. and Mrs. Hunt now have three boys overseas. James has arrived in the Old Country in March 1942, and Buster, who arrived in December, 1939.

Mr. and Mrs. John Atkinson of Carbon received word this week that their son, Al Carl Atkinson of the R.C.A.F., who has been stationed at Edmonton, had successfully passed his examinations in the air crew, and he has been posted to Currie Barracks, Calgary for further training.

Rev. and Mrs. E. Riemer and Mr. John Neher returned to Calgary Tuesday.

The Carbon High School Students' Union will sponsor a dance to be held in the Farmers' Exchange hall, Carbon, on Friday, April 23. The Trocha Rhythmic Band will provide the music and lunch will be served. Proceeds are in aid of the "Milk For Britain Fund".



Eden flow from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

82.00 A YEAR; 5¢ A COPY

SPRING WEATHER

BRINGS RAIN, FLOOD,

AND HARVESTING

Threshing Will Commence

Again This Week

The first rain storm of the year occurred last Friday and considerable moisture fell, making the roads quite slippery and soft after they had just dried out so that normal traffic could be resumed.

The rain delayed spring harvesting, which was expected to have begun the first part of the week after a seven-day lay-off, but many still expect to re-commence their harvesting this week end if the weather remains fine.

The added moisture and melting snows in the north-west again brought the Kneehill creek up to flood proportions and flooded up around the C.H. Nash house for the third time in three weeks. Some of the houses on the island are again completely surrounded by water, but the creek is now going down and danger of further flooding is over for a while.

The frost is out of the ground now and it is expected that spring work will be well under way in the next two weeks or so, depending on completion of harvest operations.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint session of the Canadian Senate and the House of Commons during his brief stay.

Eden flew from the United States in the same huge bomber which carried him across the ocean. He addressed a joint

Peace Depends On Disarming Of Axis Nations

Ottawa.—Anthony Eden went a step further than other United Nations leaders have gone recently in a speech delivered to the Canadian parliament, in calling for the maintenance of an international force jointly by the United Nations to police Germany, Italy and Japan.

"It is essential," said the British foreign secretary, "that when this war is over the United Nations should maintain sufficient force to ensure that neither Germany, nor Italy, nor Japan can ever again plunge the world into war." He said the chief failure of the League of Nations was its lack of sufficiently wide international authority to express its decisions and an adequate force to see them executed.

The conception of the United Nations is gradually taking shape, Mr. Eden told senators and house members assembled in the House of Commons chamber. Galleries were packed with spectators, and many members of the Ottawa diplomatic corps.

Eden delivered an answer to the British commonwealth of equal nations held together by a spirit of understanding, Eden declared the United Nations must be packed with men, rather than devise elaborate structures into which each nation would be fitted. Speaking of the British commonwealth, he said "We have neither rigid rules nor precise formulae."

The immediate need of the Allies was a close understanding between the United States, Russia and China," he said, "and the full co-operation of all the United Nations."

"Together," he declared, "we can win the war and win the peace."

"There is only one security for mankind in respect of all of them: to ensure that they are totally disarmed and in no position ever to try their strength again. Then, indeed, peace may have a chance."

Mr. Eden said it was better for the United Nations to build up mutual understanding and means of co-operation as they went along, rather than to devise all at once, some elaborate structure into which we should seek to fit the component parts as best we may."

Co-operation, thus borne of necessity and forged by experience, would be the best chance to survive into the years of peace.

WOULD NOT PAY

Business Does Not Warrant Second Trans-Canada Air Line

Ottawa.—Canada has insufficient air traffic to support two cross-country lines, H. J. Symington, K.C., Trans-Canada Air Lines president, said before the House of Commons railways and shipping committee. Operation of two trans-Canada lines would result in neither line making a profit, and duplication of the service was unwarranted by the amount of business.

Difficulty was being experienced in getting new equipment, Mr. Symington said, but he hoped that equipment would be available before the end of the war to operate a proposed shortened western route across the Great Lakes.

The T.C.A. president said the line had not conducted any research freight gliders.

ACT AMENDED

Flat Rate For Acreage Shifted From Wheat To Other Crops

Ottawa.—Notice of an amendment to the Wheat Acreage Reduction Act, given in House of Commons votes and proceedings, will make provision. It is understood, to pay a flat rate of \$2 an acre in three prairie provinces for land shifted from wheat to other crops.

The act passed last year had a system of payments which provided \$2 an acre when the land was shifted from wheat to coarse grains and payments totalling \$4 an acre when the land was seeded to grain or rye.

The new bill will make the rate \$2 throughout, it is said, but will not be paid if the land is abandoned.

EQUAL TO JOB

Torquay, England.—Viscount Bennett opening a "Wings for Victory" week, said the government's declaration that Britain intended to continue to administer colonial possessions was made "in no sense of prize because we can do it better than anybody else."

Youthful Colonel Decorated



Lieut.-Colonel Chesley G. Peterson, left, all of 22 years old, is shown receiving the decoration of silver oak leaves from Air Marshal Sir Trafford L. Leigh-Mallory, somewhere in England. Colonel Peterson, one of the youngest men of his rank in the U.S. Air Force, was a commander of an Eagle Squadron before the U.S. entered world war II.

Estimate Cost Of Proposed Health Insurance Plan

Ottawa.—Dr. J. J. Heagerty, director of public health services giving evidence before the House of Commons social security committee, estimated the cost of a health insurance plan for Canada at about \$240,000,000.

That figure, he said, represented the estimated cost of illness in Canada in 1935. Health insurance could not be provided for less and it should not cost more, he said.

Dr. F. V. Jackson, deputy health minister for Manitoba, who also appeared before the committee said the provinces should be given the option of deciding whether health insurance should be administered through their existing health departments or through special commissions.

Dr. Jackson and Dr. Jean Grogan, deputy minister of health for Quebec, spoke to the committee on behalf of provincial deputy ministers now attending the annual meeting of the Dominion Council of Health.

The draft health insurance bill before the committee provides for administration by provincial commissions.

Gordon Murchison, director of soldier settlement, said before the senate committee on reconstruction and social security that about 40,000 men in the Canadian armed forces were born on farms or had worked on farms, and it was these who should be encouraged to take up farms under the Veterans' Land Act after they are demobilized.

He said that 60,000 more could probably participate in the plan under the act whereby a veteran would get loans up to \$3,600 to provide himself with a home and not less than an acre of land but would work in industry to provide his chief source of revenue.

In this way, over a period of eight or 10 years, 100,000 veterans could be assisted at a cost over the period of \$400,000,000, Mr. Murchison suggested.

Care would be taken as far as possible to put men on suitable farms. A careful study was being made in co-operation with soil experts from Canadian universities, to ensure that veterans were not put onto non-productive land.

MORE LIVESTOCK

Some Areas Can Increase Production

During Present Year

Ottawa.—While many farms can not produce more than at present, it is believed livestock production can be increased in 1943 on some farms and in some areas, Agriculture Minister Gardiner said in the forward to a booklet setting forth agricultural objectives for the year.

The minister said it would not be easy to attain the 1943 goals in food production, which are greater than the records attained in 1942.

"Favorable factors are that livestock and poultry numbers are at peak levels and that the beautiful harvest of last year ensures plentiful supplies of feed; unfavorable factors are shortage of help on many farms and difficulties of getting new machinery to replace lost manpower."

ESTABLISH BASE

Report Says Allied Parachute Troops Have Headquarters in Norway

London.—Stockholm dispatches to London morning newspapers said that Allied parachute troops have set up headquarters in the mountains of western Norway.

Quoting a Berlin radio report, the Daily Express identified them as British and Norwegian.

Dispatches said they had established an elaborate base, complete with a meteorological station, among the snow-covered heights and have already begun to make raids on industrial plants in the valleys.

The base was located by the dispatches somewhere in the far-reaching Hardanger Vidda area, which spreads from central Norway almost to the west coast. Norwegian sources here said the Germans have declared this a forbidden zone.

The Norwegian government in London said it is impossible to "say whether parachutists are there or not but Quilting and the Germans appear to be genuinely alarmed."

The Harkinger Vidla is noted as a vast area dotted with small lakes filled with trout. It is extremely wild, but persons in London familiar with the country said it is possible for men to live there fairly comfortably, eating fish and game.

NO LONGER MADE

Manufacture Of Junkers-87 Discarded According To Report

London.—German dive-bombers, the Junkers-87, once the symbol of the Nazi air force's domination of the skies, no longer are being manufactured, a usually reliable source said. While there is no confirmation in official quarters, qualified air observers here said they "would not be at all surprised."

The air ministry always has insisted the Junkers-87 was an over-rated plane and was losing importance within the German air force.

Litvinov And Eden Confer



With a hearty handshake and a broad smile Soviet Ambassador Maxim Litvinov, right, bid good-by to Anthony Eden, British foreign secretary, after their conference at the Soviet embassy, in Washington, D.C. Eden was a luncheon guest of the Soviet envoy.

Tanks For Montgomery's Battle In Tunisia



Tanks just landed in North Africa are prepared for battle at a supply base in Algeria. Machine-gun and cannon ammunition is loaded aboard the armored monsters before they are turned over to British combat crews. A British tankman may be seen in tank-odometer to the right of the photo. Cannon shells have zones of different colors to distinguish various types of shell—high explosive, armor-piercing, shrapnel or fragmentation. These tanks may now be in action in Tunisia.

Receives C.B.



Lieut.-Gen. Kenneth Stuart, chief of the Canadian General Staff, leaves Buckingham Palace after meeting the King who invested him with the C.B.

United States And Russia May Meet For Talks

Washington.—Comprehensive plans for a series of United Nations conferences on post-war economic problems were spiced by intimations that U.S. and the Soviet Union may meet in the near future.

President Roosevelt told his press conference that he hoped and expected that U.S. would be continuing shortly with the Soviet Union a series of discussions which have just been concluded with British Foreign Secretary Eden.

There was some disposition here to interpret the president's words more as an expression of hope than as a promise because there is no concrete evidence Stalin is interested in such conferences at this time.

But if the discussions do take place, it is assumed that some effort would be made to reconcile in principle the terms of the Atlantic Charter with Moscow's well-defined territorial claims in eastern Europe. The Russian position is that Atlantic Charter prescriptions against territorial aggrandizement conflict in no way with her claims for portions of Finland, the three Baltic states, Eastern Poland and parts of Rumania.

The Five Polish government in London and Polish organizations here are foremost and loudest in their protests against such an interpretation of the charter. The U.S. government is not committed on the subject. But it is at least a regionally explosive political issue in this country.

Regardless of any discussions between Soviet Union, the United Nations on April 27 will begin a series of economic conferences of fundamental significance. Russian representatives will participate in at least the first of these dealing with food—how a more or less prostrate world shall be fed after the war.

For sound investment buy War Savings Certificates.

Each Province Responsible For Age Pensions

Ottawa.—Finance Minister Healey said in the House of Commons that the federal government looked on old age pensions, and possible increases, as the primary responsibility of provincial governments although the Dominion contributed to them.

Mr. Healey said he had regarded the cost-of-living bonus, designed as part of the wage policy, as inappropriate for pensioners.

The provinces were free to increase old age pensions without reducing the contribution made by the Dominion.

"I hope the day will come when we shall have a contributory old age pension system in this country," he continued.

"We certainly should have, but we require an amendment to the constitution in order to provide it, as we had to have an amendment of the constitution to provide for unemployment insurance."

"I cannot see why, in a state of affairs where all the provinces of the country have surplus, and some of them are in a position to contribute, with our large deficits, running up to \$2,000,000,000 and \$5,000,000,000 a year."

The provinces had been told that if a majority requested a reconsideration would be given it. He was not sure that such a request for a general expenditure would be favorably considered in light of the provinces' surplus position. But supplemental allowances now were being paid by some provinces.

Mr. MacInnis said house members should "think for themselves" whether old people to live on an allowance of \$20 a month.

D. Dieffenbacher (Prog. Can., Lake Centre) said amounts paid in cost-of-living bonus, and in subsidies to hold the cost of living, should be known. The house had heard of the benefits of holding the price ceiling but costs had not been given.

Finance Minister Healey announced that giving the house information on such cutlays later.

Mr. Dieffenbacher said the whole basis of the cost-of-living bonus has been founded on the cost-of-living index number as of October, 1941, but since then, by order of a few days ago, the national war labor board had been given the power to order adjustments in the cost-of-living bonus using a month other than October, 1941, not earlier than August, 1939.

The house should know the reason for the change.

MEAT RATIONING

Plans Being Worked Out Will Become Effective In May

Ottawa.—Meat will join sugar, butter, tea and coffee as a rationed food commodity early in May. With headlands restricted to two pounds a week each, one-half pound less than the present allowance per capita consumed in the past two years.

Finance Minister Healey announced the new rationing program in the House of Commons.

There had been no warning of final government decision that rationing was necessary although such a program had been expected since the imposition of meat rationing in the United States last year.

Methods of applying the rationing program are being worked out by the prices board which will make further announcements of the details.

Mr. Healey said that a nutrition advisory committee to the prices board foods administration had concluded that a ration of two pounds of meat a week, plus customary amounts of milk, eggs, cheese, fish and poultry, gave more protein from animal sources to satisfy nutritional requirements than is required for a person of any occupation.

Poultry and fish will not be included in the ration plan.

GETTING RESULTS

Teheran.—Maj.-Gen. A. N. Kozlov, chief of Soviet transports to Iran, said that the effort of American war material and food is making itself felt on the Russian front. He greeted engineers and crews who had completed the first all-American train carrying war supplies to Russia from a Persian Gulf port.

RAILWAY TROOP UNITS

Ottawa.—Defense Minister Ralston announced a limited number of Canadian railway troop units will be formed to serve overseas with the Canadian army.

Science Speeds Delivery Of Essential Supplies To Armed Forces All Over The World

SCIENCE, through new methods of conserving shipping space and important role in the huge task of transporting supplies and foodstuffs to the armed forces and civilian populations of the United Nations. New, sturdier containers and dual-purpose packages, many made of non-essential of the greatest amount of goods in the shortest possible time.

Difficulties caused by contrasting conditions of climate, topography and dock facilities in Iceland, the Solomon, North Africa and other parts of the world are being overcome.

Civilian consumption of some materials needed in this work has had to be curtailed. For example, airplane engines, automotive equipment and machine-guns must be packaged in moisture proof containers of plastic or laminated cellophane. Many types of equipment require greaseproof wrappings and waterproofed box liners. Some chemicals used in processes of waterproofing, sealing and preserving vital war materials are now unobtainable.

Seeing that equipment reaches overseas forces in good condition is one of the jobs of the packing and packaging section of the War Relocation Administration, production division of the U.S. army services of supply. The navy has established a central school at the University of Wisconsin under the supervision of the U.S. forest products laboratory. Private industry has organized special research departments to carry on the work.

The inadequacy of loading and unloading facilities in most war theatres has often necessitated throwing boxes of supplies overhead and either floating or carrying them ashore. To meet this situation, sometimes further complicated by the time element, the navy has developed with private industry a new type of board, loaded with cork handling, to replace ordinary wooden boards. The new boards are reinforced with steel reinforcement cartons unaffected by immersion.

Wooden barrels, paper bags and other drums have been perfected for packaging chemical products in the absence of steel drums. The shortage of steel drums, tin cans and other metal containers has created difficult problems in the packaging of all sorts of products, from talcum powder and toothpaste to black powder and cyanide.

Fibre drums have received first call as alternate containers for chemical products. Some are waterproofed or otherwise improved as to impermeability by asphalt, treated with acid-resistant paints, paraffin, and other materials used in the absence of rubber.

Cyanide, essential in the heat treatment of steels for war, is being shipped safely in fibre drums, as are dry dyestuffs, aromatic and other organic insecticide powders. Black powder for blasting and certain other military purposes has been ferried from its familiar steel drums to special kegs made of pulpboard, a type of paperboard, which has been waterproofed.

With burlap in tremendous demand and all stocks frozen, the chemical industry has turned to available substitutes, such as bags made of cotton sheeting or a strong, plain-weave cotton fabric. The cotton bags sometimes require a liner of crinkled paper which is applied with a waterproofing agent.

Multi-wallpaper bags have been devised by one private industry for the packaging of launching grease for transport to American yards to ease the way for thousands of naval and merchant craft taking the water to aid the war effort.

Gasoline for tanks and planes at forward battle stations is now being stored in fabric bags impregnated with a synthetic rubber compound and known as Thiokol-Mercing coats. The bags can be rolled up and moved as the battle progresses, or used for water containers. Since the bags are being used to convert railroad box cars into fuel-carrying equipment.

Also in line with the efforts to save critical materials and reduce shipping space is a new type of lightweight portable shelter now in use in the Arctic as well as other climates. The shelters, designed to save not only transportation space but also heating fuel, are sublimated in space compact to permit carriage of a complete unit by air.

Dehydration of foods has led to a tremendous saving in shipping space. A new process has been devised to supplement dehydration, under which food will be compressed, wrapped and sealed into blocks. Savings in space amount to about 40 per cent for dried milk and 50 per cent for dried eggs. Stewards and storage experts

Super Block Buster



This is a photo-diagram of the dreaded 4,000-pound super block buster, dropped on Germany in night and day raids by Royal Air Force men. Approximately 2,300 lbs. of the two-ton bomb are TNT and other secret explosives. The rest are shell and fuses. Dropped from a plane 2,000 feet up the bomb strikes the ground at pulverizing 600-mile-an-hour speed. Explosion creates tremendous outward pressure of hot gas, expanding at almost seven times the 1,089 feet a second that sound travels. Then the gas cools, its contraction creating as severe a pressure in the reverse direction. The case shatters into more than 6,000 killing fragments which scatter through air at 4,000 to 7,000 feet a second. Everything within 120 feet of the bomb is destroyed by the explosion itself. Entire blocks are wiped out by blast, smashing of fragments, and that terrific in-and-out-rush of gas.

Food In Britain

Many Situations Arise Which Were Unknown In Pre-War Days

An agreeable by-product of the food situation in Britain has been the development of a potato-chess game. It is almost too delicious to be a wartime emergency dish. Five shillings is the top price a restaurant may charge for a meal which must not exceed three courses. The scheme works well except in the case of expensive restaurants which add a shilling "house charge" and a 2½ shilling "music charge," making the total for meal 13½ shillings (£3). And only three courses! Writes I. S. B. Shapiro, a London correspondent, who adds: I acquired a fresh egg yesterday, my third in six months. Not being fond of eggs, I traded it for a Spanish orange. After using the orange as a main decoration for 24 hours, I exchanged it for a month's ration of chocolate—12 ounces. Having eaten the chocolate, I am now without stock in trade for at least three months—when another fresh egg might put me back into business.

Oil was used by the American Indians as medicine for many centuries.

Rungius Painting For Canada



At the artist's request, this painting of Lake O'Hara, celebrated beauty spot of the Canadian Rockies, is being transferred from the Biltmore Galleries, Los Angeles, to Canada's National Art gallery, Ottawa. Carl Rungius, the artist, who is seen at lower right in his favourite outdoor garb, has been living at Banff for many years, and his paintings of wild animals against the wild mountain settings of the Rockies have made him recognized as the world's greatest living wild animal painter. His handiwork, however, are game. Rungius came first to the Canadian Rockies more than 40 years ago and has been there since, except for some winters spent in New York where he has frequently exhibited. His Lake O'Hara painting, he thought, should become the property of Canada, his beloved adopted country.

Pay Big Dividends

People Should Not Let Enthusiasm For Gardening Wear Off

Perhaps the main "ingredient" for successful "Victory gardening" is application. In the Spring most people get the "gardening urge" and start ambitious schemes in the vegetable production line. The trouble is that the first few blisters or backaches, combined with the wearing off of the novelty, are apt to result in neglect, and what should have been a verdant garden patch becomes a collection of weeds.

This is where the war effort angle comes in. Add a dash of will-power and an ounce of perseverance to initial enthusiasm and there will be a supply of home-grown, vitamin-rich fresh vegetables for the entire Summer and a restful for the Winter.

Besides, expert gardeners and doctors are agreed that a course of home-gardening, well carried out, saves dividends in money saved, ailments obtained and health promoted.—Brantford Express.

Have Had Success

Men In One London Fire Station Are Raising Pigs

London—On the site of a bombed-out shop in Berners street where the clergy used to buy their vestments, there live today 32 healthy, growing pigs.

The explanation of this farmyard in the heart of London is that the members of the Berners street fire station next door decided to help the food situation by raising a bit of bacon in their spare time. At least one of the firemen kept pigs for many years previously.

The pigsties were constructed out of bricks and timber from the bombed-out houses in the district, and food was obtained by the firemen's taking turns at tending the neighborhood canteens and hotels for days.

They have not been any shortage yet—not a shortage of pigs, either, for in 10 months the firemen have raised 20 porkers.

COULD USE OLD TYPE

A big crowd of boys who were training in a Southern army camp had a sweatshirt. In a Northern city, who decided to send him a suitable and practical gift. After much deliberation she chose an electric razor.

The colored soldier was pleased upon receipt of the gift, but rather puzzled as to its practicality. After much deliberation he decided to read it and enclosed the following note to his sweetheart:

"Dear Anakin: I like this gift fine, but you please change it for a straight edge razor. For when I run into a Jap I ain't going to have time to look around for a place to plug in an electric razor."

FROM ROYAL LIBRARY

Several hundred books from the Royal library at Windsor Castle were contributed by the King to the Windsor book salvage drive. Princess Elizabeth and Princess Margaret assisted in sorting the books.

Buy War Savings Stamps Regularly.

Gathering News From Every Part Of World Was Slow And Difficult—Hundred Years Ago

(By Robert L. Frey)

THE speed and thoroughness of newspapers in gathering news from all parts of the world is so taken for granted that you think no more of reading a story about today's events in Bombay, or any other distant city, than you do of one from the next county. But a hundred years ago one of the great achievements in communication and news-gathering was reduction of the time consumed in sending dispatches between Bombay and London from six months to 31 days.

This express schedule, as described in 1842 by a popular English publication, "The Penny Magazine," was achieved by a combination of steamer, courier and a primitive telegraph circuit between Marseilles and Paris. It contrasts dramatically with the ease and speed of circulating news in this day of world-wide cable and radio.

In 1842 news dispatches left India by mail on the first day of each month by steamer. They reached Suez on the 15th by the 23rd. The news was then telegraphed from Marseilles to Paris and published there on the 25th.

The most important items of news were forwarded to London by fast express, where the news was republished a few hours later.

Sometimes, however, the French telegraph merely announced arrival of the mails, carried no dispatches, and then it took five days. The bulk of the news was secured at Marseilles by couriers sent from the London papers at a cost of £100 per trip. Long chains of horses like our own "pony express" they made the run from Marseilles to London in four days.

The French were not always cooperative in this task of getting the news. "The London newspaper," says a Frenchman, "has been the occasion of their taking the couriers and spies them, on the ground that dispatches had to be conveyed by post, and not on horseback. Obviously, use of a carriage slowed the service and increased the cost."

Newspaper publishers were a keen threat to slow to accept the telegraph for news, and with the establishment of this regular communication, newspapers at Bombay, Calcutta, Madras and Ceylon began printing monthly editions for circulation in Europe, containing news from all parts of the East up to the time of steamer-sailing, for circulation in Europe. Four Indian newspapers also prepared offices in London for circulation in India, in addition to the London papers themselves which were sent there each month.

Arrival at Bombay of the steamer from Suez with the monthly papers was a great event. It was signalled by hoisting a red flag and firing, bearing three white crosses. At this business came to a standstill. Boats pushed off to meet the steamer, and she was boarded by government officials and shipwreck reporters.

Native messengers from newspaper offices, wearing distinctive uniforms, waited to receive their London editions. Each carried an umbrella as protection against sun and rain. As soon as the papers were folded, these Indian newsmen hurried off with them, crying the latest news.

About forty years before this time the voyage from India to England via the Cape of Good Hope had been reduced from six to four months. The mails and the course of news was slow and uncertain. Private persons sometimes were able to receive dispatches overland via Persia and India, but these were few, and these led most often to vague rumors and such reports as those receiving them chose to put into circulation.

First experimental voyage from India to Suez was made by a steamer, the "Hugh Lindsay," in 1820. The mail carried on this trip might have reached England in 61 days, but no arrangement had been made for forwarding it.

It wasn't until five years later that Mediterranean sea office steamers extended their lines to Alexandria and another two before the Suez-India line by steamer service was put on a regular schedule. This reduced the time from Bombay to London via Gibraltar to 50 or 60 days.

PAGE SHAKESPEARE

A dispatch from Stratford-on-Avon says that the income tax collector has caught up with the bard, that the "Hugh Lindsay" in 1820. The mail carried on this trip might have reached England in 61 days, but no arrangement had been made for forwarding it.

The only book of the Bible in which the word God is not found in the Book of Esther.

Gift For Canada's National Gallery

Artist Sends Oil Painting Of Lake O'Hara To Ottawa

Montreal.—Transfer of "Lake O'Hara," an outstanding oil painting by Carl Rungius, N.A., prominent landscape and animal painter of New York, from Los Angeles to the National Gallery at Ottawa, has further enriched the display of American art in the Canadian institution.

The painting, showing the lovely Rocky Mountain lake in one of its most colorful moods, was transferred to Canada in accordance with the wishes of the artist who has a summer home in Banff, Alta., not far from the lake that inspired his painting.

Described by Director H. O. McCurry of the National Gallery as one of Mr. Rungius' best works, "Lake O'Hara" had previously held a place of honor in the Biltmore Galleries of Los Angeles. Gift of the painting to the National Gallery is doubly appreciated at this time when the trustees are permitted to purchase paintings by Canadian artists only.

The works of Carl Rungius have been exhibited in numerous American art institutions, including the National Academy to which he was elected in 1920. The Society of American Artists and Pennsylvania Academy of Fine Arts. He is a life member of the Zoological Society of American Painters and Sculptors.

Mr. Rungius emigrated from Europe to the United States in 1894 and has been engaged in painting ever since, specializing in big game and landscape themes. He is a member of long standing in both the Trail Riders and Sky Line Trail Riders of the Canadian Rockies.

Slippers Crocheted Entirely Of Rags!



7504 by Alice Brooks

Right from your scrap-bag steps this footie! Both hands and feet are entirely of rags, soles and all, and make any impetuous play easy on bed or floor. The up-slippers in varied colors. Pattern 7504 contains instructions for making slippers in small, medium and large sizes; illustration of stitches, list of materials needed.

To obtain this pattern send twenty cents to Household Arts Department, Winthrop Magazine, 175 McDermott Avenue E., Winnipeg, Man. Be sure to write plainly your Name, Address and Pattern Number. "Because of the slowness of the mails delivery of our patterns may take a few days longer than usual."

By limiting the issue of new telephone directories the British Post Office Department saves 8,000 tons of paper a year.

When one of its sharp teeth is lost by the game animal another is forward to replace it from a "spare" back row.

FOR

QUALITY PRINTING

AT A REASONABLE PRICE

CONSULT

The Carbon Chronicle

WARBLE FLY CONTROL

The shortage of leather in Canada

may soon become critical. Only sound hides will produce three or four pairs of boots. Hides that are perforated by

numerous holes made by warble flies are just too good for boots. The federal department of agricul-

ture is urging that farmers take steps to control the warble flies. Not only will such a practice mean more dollars and cents for the farmers, but it will also provide much needed leather for the Canadian armed services and the civilian population.

The provincial department of agriculture announces that warble fly powder has been made available to all farmers and ranchers at a price that will make it possible to rid an animal of warbles for from three to five cents.

BRITAIN USES MORE HOME-GROWN WHEAT

The British government has ordered flour millers to use at least 45 percent of home-grown wheat and not more than 15 percent of Canadian wheat in their grist. These orders cover the whole country except one area which includes Liverpool and Birkenhead.

For the past two years the British bread mix has contained an unusually large percentage of Canadian wheat. However, there is a terrific demand for ships for war purposes and hence the move to restrict importation of wheat. Then, an unusually large wheat crop was harvested in Britain last year—well over 100 million bushels.

Home-grown wheat is of the soft type which does not produce a flour to which the bakers are used to for bread making. Nevertheless, they will be compelled to use the domestic wheat whether they like it or not.

NEED FOR MEAT

Production of meats in Canada in 1942 increased nearly fifty per cent over the average annual tonnage produced in the five years prior to 1940. But even at that the department of agriculture says that the increased supply will not be more than 45 per cent of the tonnage which will be needed this year.

It has been stated that the only effective method of securing an increase in beef tonnage during the next 12 months is for farmers to carry cattle to older ages and heavier weights.

A traveller who stopped at a cross-roads garage in the backwoods, asked the attendant for gasoline.

"How'd you like the bombing of Tokio?" the motorist asked.

"What bombing?" inquired the hills-

man.

"Why you know, the one the papers have been full of for a month."

"Why bomb Tokio?" persisted the other.

"There's a war on, you dope. Didn't you hear that?"

The attendant shifted his chewing tobacco.

"Can't you do, stranger?"

"You didn't know? Look! Never mind the gasoline. Just roll me out four of those new tires you have on the shelf!"

**A Warning**

As a result of unfavourable weather conditions prevailing last fall, including frost in some areas, much of the wheat, oats, barley, and flax is germinating poorly. The situation appears to be most serious with oats. The areas chiefly affected are those along and north of, the old C.N.R. main line, and the area adjacent to the foothills in Alberta. It is safe to say that all cereal seeds in the areas named above should be tested for germination. Our own laboratory has already received nearly 10,000 samples, and, in addition, the Dominion Government laboratories have tested large numbers.

However, the total laboratory facilities in the West are inadequate to handle all seeds which should be tested. Farmers who have not already had tests made would be wise to make their own.

We are having cards printed giving detailed instructions for making home germination tests. One of these will be hung in all country districts of Life Companies associated with the work of this Department. The same information will be printed on the "Seedtime and Harvest" leaflet distributed to grain growers for passing on to their customers.

Toughly speaking, seed germinating 85% or over is O.K.; from 65% to 85%, rate of seeding should be increased; less than 65%, seed should be replaced.

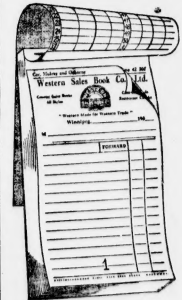
Farmers unable to reach a local district conveyance may obtain copies of the leaflet by writing directly to the Agricultural Department, The North-West Life Elevators Association, Winnipeg (or Calgary).

Old Lady (to parachutist): "I really don't know how you can hang from that silk thing. The suspense must be terrible."

Parachutist: "No, mum; it's when the suspense ain't there that it's terrible."

ORDER YOUR

Counter Check Books



FROM
THE CARBON CHRONICLE

Economical Housewives

There was a day when the housewives bought the far-away "bargain" in the belief that it was good business to save a few pennies. But experience taught them a few things. Today's housewives do not buy blindly. They examine the article first and when satisfied with the product they pay a fair price at home. It is economical to make your purchases in CARBON

Yes, "we have a big job to do yet"



WHEN they come home—those boys who are fighting now—make them want to stay home. Make them happy and contented on the farm. They will have new ideas they want to try out. They may want to go in for new breeding stock; new crops; work out a drainage or irrigation project; do a big job of fertilizing. You are wearing out implements and equipment which cannot be replaced now. You may want to erect new buildings, or to add to present buildings. You may wish to modernize your farm with water or electricity. You may want a new motor car—new conveniences and comforts for your home. These things cost money. Save money now and invest your

savings in Victory Bonds. They will provide cash for things you will need when the war ends.

You can buy Victory Bonds for cash in a lump sum, or you can arrange to pay for them in convenient instalments over a period of six months.

Your Victory Bond salesman will be glad to tell you full particulars.

WHAT IS A VICTORY BOND?

A VICTORY BOND is the promise of the Dominion of Canada to repay in cash the full face value of the Bond at the time stipulated, with half-yearly interest at the rate of 3½ per annum until maturity.

A Victory Bond is the safest investment in Canada. The entire resources of the Dominion stand behind it. Canada has been issuing bonds for 75 years, and has never failed to pay every dollar of principal and interest.

A Victory Bond is an asset more readily converted into cash than any other security.

Buy all the **VICTORY BONDS** you can

National War Finance Committee

WORLD HAPPENINGS
BRIEFLY TOLD

India, a small state in India with population of 300,000, has issued its first adhesive, a half-pence emerald stamp.

The "wonder drug" M and B 693 helped ward off pneumonia during Prime Minister Churchill's recent illness, a medical authority disclosed.

Great Britain and the United States agreed on Bermuda as the scene of their forthcoming conference to seek solutions for the refugee problems.

During the past 12 months 1,109,918 tons of pit props taken from Scottish forests have been forwarded to British colonies.

The Moscow Radio broadcast that Norwegian patriots "routed the headquarters of a Hitlerite organization" near Oslo, killing 14 Nazis including the head of the organization.

Defence Minister Ralston announced a limited number of Canadian railway troop units will be formed to serve overseas with the Canadian army.

Robert Cross, co-owner of the Spurn Head, Yorkshire, has been awarded the gold medal of the Royal National Lifeboat Institution. He has saved about 200 lives since war started.

Mrs. M. Fillingham was the first woman dental surgeon in Britain to be commissioned in the women's forces for service with the Army Dental Corps. She holds the rank of lieutenant.

Flattering Lines



4260



Figure problems? Solve them smartly by making this slimming dress. Pattern 4260 by Anne Adams. It gives you lovely lines, with curved side-panels for bodice flatter, pointed front and back seams to slim your waist, and front skirt paneling to make you look full and graceful. Just contrast stripes.

Pattern 4260 is available in women's sizes 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, 46. Size 36 takes 3½ yards 35-inch.

Send twenty cents (20c) in coins (stamps cannot be accepted) for this Anne Adams pattern. Write plainly: Size, Name, Address and Style Number and send orders to the Anne Adams Pattern Dept., Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermid Ave. E., Winnipeg, Man. "Because of the slowness of the mail delivery of our patterns may take a few days longer than usual."

ORIGIN OF IDEA

Have you heard the story of the three little flowers who were riding on a subway train. One little morn said: "When I grow up, I'm going to be a doctor." The second little morn said: "When I grow up I'm going to be a lawyer." The third little morn said: "When I grow up, I'm going to be a vitamin."

"What do you mean, you're going to be a vitamin?" asked the other two little morns.

"The third little morn pointed to a sign in the subway car."

"See that sign up there?" he said. "It says, 'Vitamin-B-One.'"

BUFFALO HERDS

Sixty million buffalo grazed over an area of 3,000,000 square miles in U.S. and Canada at one time, according to estimates. Today, they number only 35,000, and 30,000 of these are in Canada.

It Has Multi-Wheeled Undercarriage



GARDEN NOTES

Avoid These Mistakes

The three commonest mistakes of the new gardener are planting too early, too deep and too thick. All of these things lead to trouble, to unnecessary work or disappointment. Seed planted too deep will not germinate well. The general rule is three times the diameter, which means pressing into the soil for one seed like that of radish, poppy, carrot, etc., and about one or two inches deep for beans and peas. With bulbs and tubers like gladioli and potatoes from six to ten inches deep is recommended, the heavier the soil the shallower the planting.

Too early planting, of course, with tender things that will not stand frost is fatal. Many gardeners too, rush all vegetable seeds in at the same time, and usually a day to a week ahead of the regular season. This is all right, professionals point out, for a portion of the seed in each packet. With luck one gets very early vegetables, but most of the seed should be saved for regular planting and some of it for later on. This ensures safety against early losses from weather and what is more important, it spreads the harvesting season over several weeks, with really garden fresh vegetables coming along steadily for the table instead of a feast and a famine succession.

Precautions against planting seed too close together are based on a genuine desire to save the amateur a lot of work. If seed is properly spaced in the first place, there will be little thinning, which in most cases is a lot of chore. With things like beans, peas, etc., the seed should be planted from three to four inches apart. With smaller seed like that of carrots, beets, lettuce, etc., it is difficult to space to the two inches of the first plants should be apart, but with a little care it can be sown thinly. Sowing of very small seed can be aided by mixing the same with a little dry matter, then sowing the whole mixture.

Nursery Stock Care

Nursery stock is the general name given to hardy perennial shrubs, flowers, vines, trees and roses that are grown for one to three years from seed in a nursery before being sent to gardeners and fruit growers. Like seed, it is important to secure such stock from reputable sources and one that is familiar and extra to Canadian conditions.

Men seem to fall into two groups, says the Kitchener Record. They're either old and bent, or young and broke.

LIFE'S LIKE THAT



"Full over to the curb?"

REG'LAR FELLERS—Sure Enough



"YOU'RE A DOPE TO SIT THERE FOR SIX HOURS WITHOUT A LUG MAYBE YOUR HAIR'S GONE"

"I'M SORRY ABOUT THE BATH'S STILL ON LOGS"

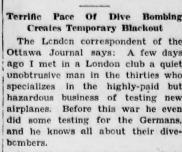
"FOR THE LOVE OF MARY, YOU CALL THAT?"

"IT'S COLLETT'S BATH"

"IT'S COLLETT'S BATH"

"IT'S COLLETT'S BATH"

Hard On Pilots



Terrific Pace Of Dive Bombing Creates Temporary Blackout The London correspondent of the Ottawa Journal says: A few days ago I sat in a London club, a not unobtrusive man in the thirties who specializes in the highly-paid but hazardous business of testing new airplanes. Before this war he even did some testing for the Germans, and he knows all about their dive-bombers.

He told me some interesting facts about these machines. From our point of view, though obviously not that of Hitler's Nazis, the great objection to dive-bomber planes is the terrible way they use up their pilots. Dive-bombing is done at a terrific pace and, every time a pilot dives, and jerks up the nose of the machine to rise again, he gets what is known as a "black out."

This is familiar enough to anyone who makes sudden turns at high speed. But it is exaggerated in the case of the dive-bomber pilot and every time he repeats the operation the black-out period is made a minute. What is likely to happen to a machine, travelling at over 300 m.p.h., with its pilot "out" for half a minute, seems fairly certain.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

APRIL 11

PETER AND JOHN WITNESS CHRIST'S GLORY

Golden text: "There came a voice out of the cloud, saying, Thou art my Son; hear ye him. Mark 9:7."

Scripture: Mark 9:2-8; II Peter 1:16-18.

Devotional Reading: II Corinthians 3:12-18.

Explanations and Comments

Peter, James and John Witness Christ's glory, Mark 9:2-8. Six days after the events in the previous lesson of Caesarea Philippi (Mark 8:27-38) Jesus and his three favored disciples, Peter, James and John, ascended a high mountain where he was transfigured before them. Had the disciples been perplexed and anxious during that week? Did that mysterious announcement of their Master's death seem to them a very real thing? They were even faltering in their faith? On the Mount the answer came, and then they knew that, however the mystery was to be explained, the Transfiguration with its appearance of glory and power dispelled all dependency.

Jesus was transfigured. The fashion of his countenance was altered (Luke 9:29); his face did shine as the sun (Matthew 17:2). It was not a glimmer that fell on his face from without and light it up; the glory came from within.

The Jewish rabbis had said that one of the attributes lost through Adam's fall was a glory of countenance which reflected God's presence. Great thoughts and noble enthusiasms tend to transfigure even the outward person. We are all familiar with the colloquial expression about the "lighting up" of the human face in moments of exalted feeling. The change in Jesus was an objective experience. "It was as if a monarch had been walking in disguise; only occasionally beneath his humble garment had been revealed a glimpse of the purple and the gold. Here, for a time, a disguise is withdrawn, and the king appears in his real majesty and in the regal splendor of his divine glory" (C. R. Erdman).

And Moses and Elijah appeared, talking with Jesus. The three veiled disciples had wrapped their garments about them and lain down to rest upon the bare ground. There they had fallen asleep, and on awakening suddenly they saw the glory of Christ, and Moses and Elijah talking with him.

JUST A LOAN

Nature has lent us life, as we do a sum of money; only no certain day is fixed for payment. What reason then to complain if she demands it at pleasure, since it was in this condition that we received it?—Cicero.

Gadget Saves 200,000 Cups A Year



Passengers on Trans-Canada Air Lines planes drink their coffee out of light-weight paper cups and in a year the T.C.A. uses 600,000 of them. With wartime restrictions on paper, this is quite an item, and executives of the air line decided they would have to do something about it. So that the cup of coffee wouldn't be too hot to hold, the practice has been to give each passenger two cups, one inside the other, providing a double thickness of paper.

"Now, if we could only have handles on our cups," said D. R. MacLaren, Supervisor of Passenger Service, "one cup would be enough at a time. We'd save paper and the passengers would be more comfortable."

Jack Reid, Supervisor of Commissary for T.C.A., found the answer. He devised a gadget of the plastic Lucite. It started out as a rod such as dentists and doctors use and was intended to encircle the cup and make a handle.

When they are used, the cups are thrown away, but the handles are kept for the next time. Mr. MacLaren estimates that at least 200,000 cups a year will be saved.

In the photograph, he is seen showing the device to Miss Margaret Dickson, Chief Supervisory Stewardess for Trans-Canada.

Fly In Reserve

Hummingbird Has Been Described As The Human Helicopter

We owe an apology to the hummingbird for having expressed a doubt in these columns that he is as good as the new Vought-Sikorsky helicopter. We said that he seemed to fly in reverse when the breeze blew the honeycuckoo blossom to his bill, and that he seemed to hover in a stationary position in the air.

We were too cautious. The human eye is still reliable. For Dr. Karl P. Schmidt, chief curator of the Department of Zoology of the Field Museum of Natural History, writes us: "Hummingbirds do fly in reverse in the situation you describe."

That settled it. And we are glad that it turns out that way. Incidentally, the hummingbird is also like a lighter plane—very pugnacious little fellow.—Chicago Daily News.

A solution of equal parts of hydrogen peroxide and ammonia will remove ink stains from wallpaper.

THIS CURIOUS WORLD



ANSWER: Wrong. It is a law requiring the separation of whites and Negroes in public conveyances, schools, etc.

BY GENE BYRNES



DOG LICENSES MUST BE PROCURED BEFORE TUESDAY, APRIL 20

The Secretary's office now has on hand a supply of dog tags and these must be procured for all dogs in town before Tuesday, April 20th.

Dog owners must have their dogs tagged to save them from being impounded and possibly destroyed.

VILLAGE OF CARBON,
Mick Skerry, dog catcher

THE MIDLAND & PACIFIC GRAIN CORP. LTD.

1. Made the first offer to reduce service charges, (direct saving to producers) causing this year's reductions. (Radio suggestions to contrary are untrue.)
2. Paid the largest cash patronage dividend on 1941-42 wheat crop deliveries. (1 1/2¢ per bushel.)
3. Paid patronage dividends on coarse grains, flax, and rye. (1/2¢ per bushel.)
4. Make the best net returns to their customers.
5. Provide the competitive yard stick to measure competition.

U.S. MIDLAND ELEVATORS

GARDEN PLOWING

As we will have considerable garden plowing to do in the next month or so, we ask all who desire us to do this work for them to make arrangements immediately, so as to avoid unnecessary lost time in moving around.

EMERY & SKERRY
GENERAL DRAYING

GENERAL DRAYING—

COAL HAULING

CHAS. PATTISON

UNITED CHURCH OF CANADA

REV. R.R. HINGHEY, minister
CARBON:
Preaching Service: 11:00 a.m.
Sunday School: 12:10 p.m.
REISEKEN:
Sunday School: 11:00 a.m.
Preaching Service: 3:00 p.m.
IRICANAN:
Preaching Service: 7:30 p.m.
ALL ARE WELCOME

THE BETHEL BAPTIST CHURCH

in CARBON
Sunday School: 10:00 a.m.
Morning Service: 11:00 a.m.
Young Peoples' Meeting: 7:30 p.m.
OUR INVITATION: Psalm 95:6
O come, let us worship and bow down
let us kneel before the Lord our Maker
REV. E. RIEMER, pastor

THE CHURCH OF ENGLAND

in CARBON
Parish of Christ Church, Carbon
The Rev. T. H. Chapman, R.C. Incumbent

Organist: Mr. H.M. Isaac
S. S. Supt.: Mrs. E. Talbot
April 18—Lent 6—Palm Sunday

12:15 p.m. Sunday School
7:30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon

A curious little boy was watching a car being loaded at the station and later inquired: "Why do they call it a shipment when it goes in a car, and a cargo when it goes in a ship?"

THE CARBON CHRONICLE

Issued Every Thursday at
CARBON, ALBERTA
Member Alberta Division Canadian
Weekly Newspaper Association
E. J. ROULEAU,
Editor and Publisher

RUMORS SHOULD NOT BE REPEATED UNTIL VERIFIED

Charles Clay, Journalist of Ottawa, reveals that the latest Nazi propaganda being released is that Russia is buying rubber from Japan and reselling it to the United States, shipping it direct to U.S. Pacific Coast ports. Mr. Clay says that after close check up, there is no foundation whatsoever for the rumor.

This is just another rumor that is being spread to hinder our war effort, and if it were true it would lead the people to believe other rumors that have often been released by enemy agents, and in time the fifth columnists would hold considerable power in this country. For this reason the government has often warned the people that it is an offence under Defense of Canada Regulations to repeat a rumor unless one has the facts to prove the statement.

Therefore, if you want to remain within the law, don't repeat rumors until you can prove them correct.

GOOD NEWS !

There was good news recently from overseas for Canadians who have been buying Victory Bonds and War Savings Certificates so enthusiastically during the past two years.

The Commander of the Canadian Army, General A.G. McNicoll, declared: "For many months now there has been an ever-rising flood of munitions to carry forward our campaign against the enemy. He had the munitions flood to include warplanes, transport aircraft, guns and many other weapons of war and material of constant and intense endeavor in this country to develop new and better weapons which would bring an advantage to the Dominion troops over the enemy."

The distinguished head of Canada's army injects a new spirit of enthusiasm into the hearts of Canadians at the approach of the Fourth Victory Loan when he confirms the fact that our Bond purchases have been turned into hard materials of warfare to beat the enemy.

On the heels of this statement from the Canadian general we heard from Cairo, where a military observer declared that Canadian tools had played a major part in whipping the African Korp.

"I do not observe a single workshop which did not contain one important tool stamped 'made in Canada'," he said.

Let us never forget that above all else our set in purchasing Bonds is a blow that the Germans will surely feel!

TEST ASPHALT FOR SURFACING OF ALBERTA HIGHWAYS

Tests of asphalt from the McMurray oil sands which have been conducted at the University of Alberta show that this material is satisfactory for highway surfacing in the province, according to the Alberta Motor Association.

As there is a vast storehouse of this material available, it should be utilized for road surfacing in the province, it is claimed.

Extensive plans are reported under consideration for development of the oil sand deposits this year. These include the erection of a large separation plant and refinery.

As Alberta faces the major problem of road maintenance and there is an abundance of surfacing material available.

"IF YOU SEE ANYBODY LOOKING FOR A GOOD BULL, I'VE GOT ONE FOR SALE"

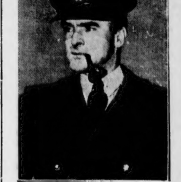
Passing the word along to your neighbors that you have a bull, or a horse, or a hundred bushels of seed oats for sale, is advertising. If you want to give your advertising message wider distribution, you'd have it printed in the local paper.

This is exactly what the advertisers are doing in this issue—letting it be known what they have to market.

They can't afford to misrepresent their merchandise, because the news of sharp practice soon gets around. To continue selling, an advertiser must have a reputation for honest dealing. He is entitled to an honest profit as long as he gives the purchaser his money's worth.

Advertising continues to be useful because it renders a service both to the seller and the buyer. It pays to advertise . . . and it pays to read the other fellow's advertisement.

ADVERTISE REGULARLY IN
THE CARBON CHRONICLE



SQUADRON LEADER NICKALLS

Squadron Leader L.A. Nickalls, now R.A.F. Public Relations Officer in Canada, was with the men of the R.A.F. Bomber Command for nearly three years. This former London newspaperman has been telling Canadian listeners over CBC network something about life on the ground and in the air with the bombers home based in Britain.

HONOUR ROLLS FOR INDUSTRY, CHURCHES, SCHOOLS, ETC.

The Department of National Defence offers to all interested organizations an Honour Roll which has been specially designed by A.J. Carson, R.C.A., to meet the ever growing need for a large Honour Roll of approval and uniform design for use in industry, Churches, Schools, Clubs, etc.

It is fitting recognition of those loyal men and women who have volunteered for active service in the Armed Forces of Canada.

This Honour Roll symbolizes in striking and enthusiastic herald form the historic motto of the British Empire. The basic motif is the Canadian Coat of Arms, with flanking shields representing the Maple Leaf of Canada, the Shire-moat of Ireland, the Rose of England, the Thistle of Scotland, and the Fleur-de-lis of French Canada. Shown in the design of the base are the heraldic flags of the Navy, Army and Air Force.

The Honour Roll is made in six sizes and contains places for names of 12, 36, 102, 212, 412 and 612 members of the armed forces. It is delivered free of cost by the Department of National Defence, First Floor, Aylmer Bldg., Ottawa, and requests for it should be made on the official application postcard which can be had by organizations applying direct to the above address.

CARD OF THANKS

Mr. and Mrs. Gobel wish to thank all those who helped at the fire in their home last Monday.

able in the north, every effort should be made to make use of this for road improvement purposes.

Highways in many districts are breaking down and will suffer more during soft road conditions this year. Added to this is the problem of increased traffic volume.



Save ALL WASTE fats & bones

Canada needs and must have every spoonful of fat drippings, every piece of scrap fat and every bone from every kitchen in Canada. Fats make glycerine and glycerine makes high explosives. Bones produce fat. Also glue for war industry.

Don't throw away a single drop of used fat—bacon grease, meat drippings, frying fat—every kind you use. They are urgently needed to win the war.

Strain all drippings through an ordinary strainer. If you have collected a pound or more of fat dripping, take it to your meat dealer who will pay you the established price for the dripping and the scrap fat. Or you can dispose of them through Municipal or Salvage Committee collection system in effect in your community.

Be a munition maker right in your own kitchen. For instance, there is enough explosive power hidden in ten pounds of fat to fire 49 anti-aircraft shells. So—every day, this easy way, keep working for Victory for the duration of the war.

ADVERTISE REGULARLY IN
THE CARBON CHRONICLE

DEPARTMENT OF NATIONAL WAR SERVICES
NATIONAL SALVAGE DIVISION

NEW SHIPMENT OF LADIES' DRESSES, SKIRTS, BLOUSES

HOUSE DRESSES — SILK AND RAYON
DRESSES — SKIRTS — BLOUSES
ALSO CHILDREN'S DRESSES NOW IN
SILK HOSIERY IN ALL COLORS AND SIZES

Look Over Our Stock Before Buying Elsewhere

THE CARBON TRADING COMPANY

I. Guttman, Prop. :: Carbon, Alberta



WANDA LANDOWSKA has devoted a good deal of her life to making the world understand that museums of music are as vital and necessary as museums of art. She believes "old music" is frequently more modern than modern music itself. This great artist was born in Warsaw, Poland.

and, of parents who were both linguists of genius and musical amateurs. She graduated as a pianist from Warsaw Conservatory at the age of 14, and went to New York in 1911. She is now being heard on Sunday nights at 8:15 MDT over station CBK. Warsaw and stations of the western network.

WHAT IS A VICTORY BOND?

A VICTORY BOND is the promise of the Dominion of Canada to repay to cash the full face value of the Bond at the time stipulated, with half-yearly interest at the rate of 3 1/2% per annum until maturity.

A Victory Bond is the safest investment in Canada. The entire resources of the Dominion stand behind it. Canada has been issuing bonds for 75 years, and has never failed to pay every dollar of principal and interest.

A Victory Bond is an asset more readily converted into cash than any other security.



DEPARTMENT OF NATIONAL WAR SERVICES
NATIONAL SALVAGE DIVISION